





- Symbols and Language
- History and Recent Events
- What is an ally?
- Inclusive Spaces



What is a Safe Space?

A safe space is an area within an organization where people who identify as LGBTQ are welcomed.

These spaces are created and maintained by LGBTQ allies within the organization who have committed to creating a more affirming and inclusive organizational climate for all.





The problem of "orientation" and "preference" and some basic definitions:

Sex

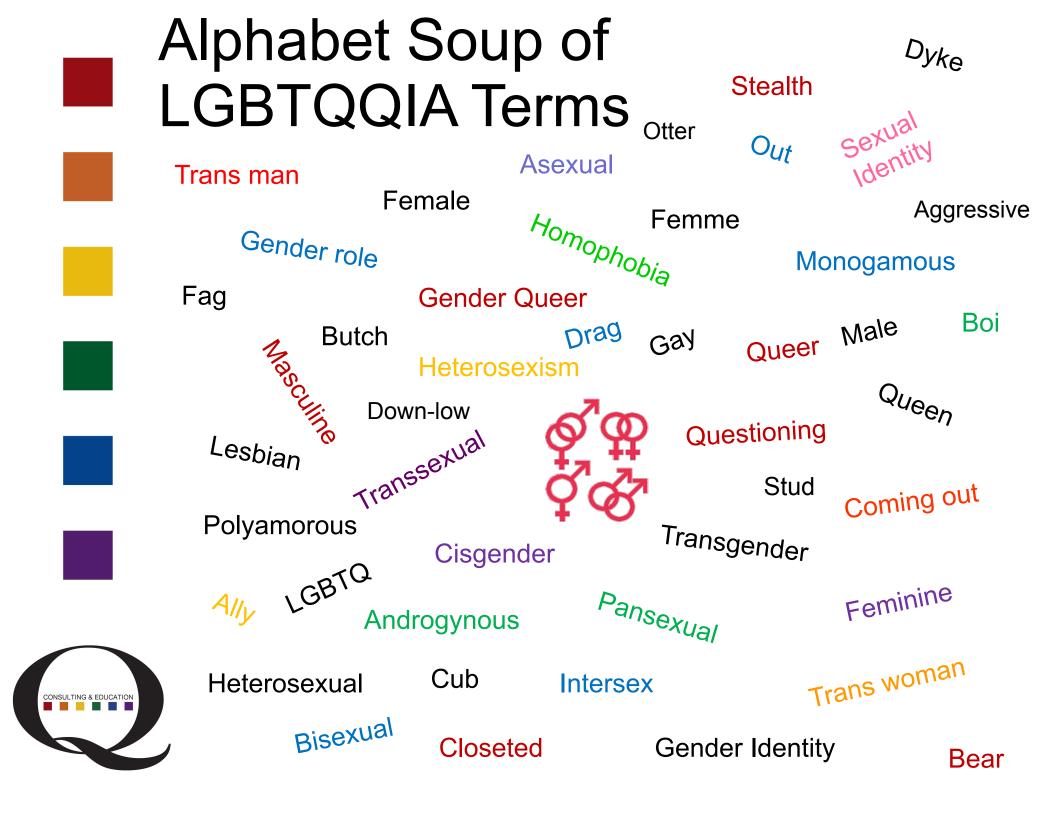
Male ← Female

Gender

Masculine ← → Feminine

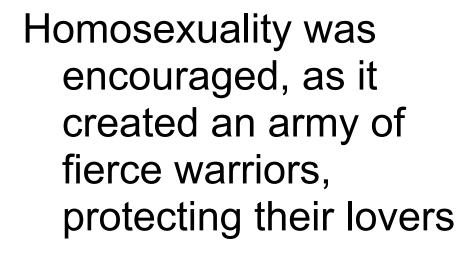


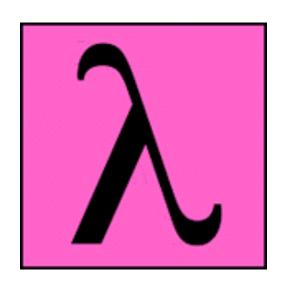
Heterosexual ← Not



A long history of symbols

The Greek Lambda flag was carried by Greek male lovers.







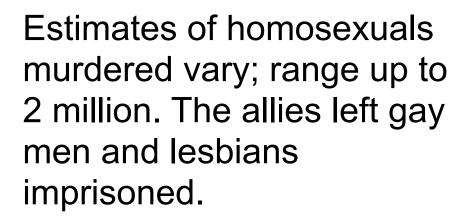
Triangles – Symbol of Oppression



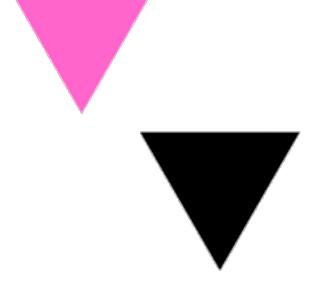
The Holocaust: 1933-1945

6 million Jewish people murdered;

11 million people perished altogether



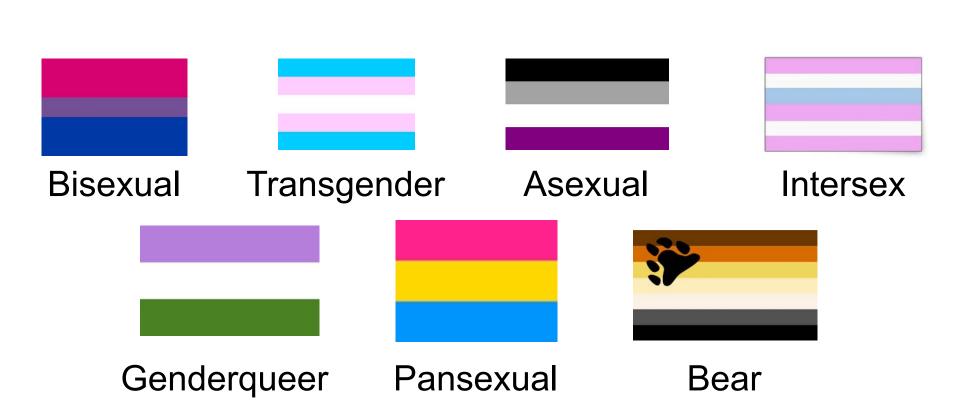




Flags

Rainbow Flag

- San Francisco artist Gilbert Baker designed the rainbow flag in 1978.
- Utilized by Jesse Jackson's 1984 bid for presidency.
- Now a commonly understood symbol.



LGBTQ History

- Homophobia
- Heteronormativity
- Heterosexism
 - Heterosexual Questionnaire
 - Privilege
- Social movements context
 - Civil Rights
 - Feminism
 - LGBTQ rights

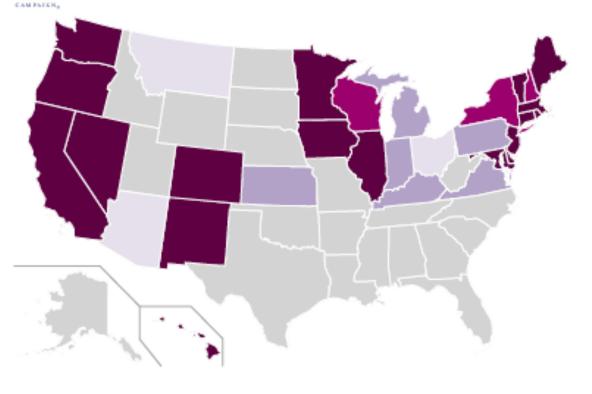


Recent Events: ENDA

- Employment Non-Discrimination Act
 - Adds SO and GI to federal employment laws
 - Has never passed both the House and Senate



STATEWIDE EMPLOYMENT LAWS & POLICIES



Updated January 16, 2015

The Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission is now accepting complaints of gender identity discrimination in employment based on Title VII's prohibition against sex discrimination.

- States that prohibit discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity (18 states & D.C.): California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Hawaii, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, Oregon, Rhode Island, Vermont, Washington
- States that prohibit discrimination based on sexual orientation only (3 states): New Hampshire, New York, Wisconsin
- States that prohibit discrimination against public employees based on sexual orientation and gender identity (6 states): Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Pennsylvania, Virginia
- States that prohibit discrimination against public employees based on sexual orientation only (3 states): Arizona, Montana, Ohio



^{*}State courts, commissions, agencies, or attorney general have interpreted the existing law to include some protection against discrimination against transgender individuals in Florida and New York.

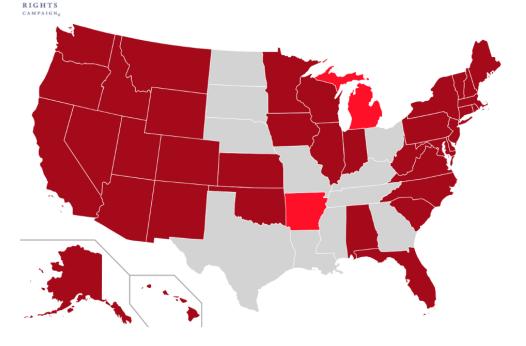
Recent Events: Marriage

- Defense of Marriage Act
 - Section 3
 struck down
 by SCOTUS
 summer
 2013
- Rights and responsibilities of marriage

CONSULTING & EDUCATION



MARRIAGE EQUALITY AND OTHER RELATIONSHIP RECOGNITION LAWS



Updated February 09, 2015

- States that issue marriage licenses to same-sex couples (37 states & D.C.): Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming
- States in which same-sex couples legally married prior to a court stay (2 states): Arkansas, Michigan
- Historical Category: States that provided comprehensive civil unions or domestic partnerships prior to issuing marriage licenses to same-sex couples
 - Historical Category: States that provided limited statewide spousal rights prior to issuing marriage licenses to same-sex couples

*States that, in addition to marriage equality, provide either civil unions or domestic partnerships to same-sex couples within the state (9 states and D.C.): California (domestic partnerships), Colorado (civil uniona), District of Columbia (domestic partnerships), Hawaii (civil unions), Illinois (civil unions) Maine (limited domestic partnerships), New Jersey (civil unions), Oregon (domestic partnerships), Washington (limited domestic partnerships) and Wisconsin (domestic partnerships).

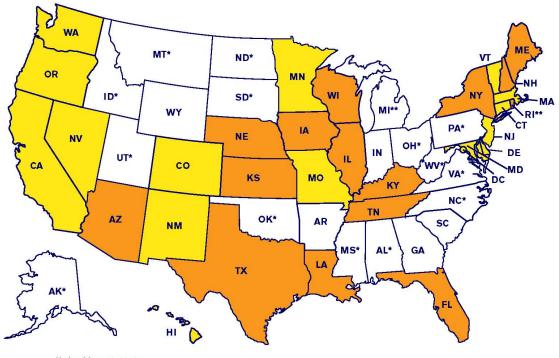
^{**}Missouri recognizes out-of-state marriages.

Recent Events: Hate Crimes

- Matthew
 Shepard Act
 - First federal law to include transgender people



STATE HATE CRIMES LAWS



Updated June 19, 2013

RIGHTS

CAMPAIGN.

All but five states (Arkansas, Georgia, Indiana, South Carolina and Wyoming) have laws addressing the scourge of hate crimes, but there is variation in the list of protected classes. The laws that address hate or bias crimes against LGBT people are as follows.

- States that have a law that addresses hate or bias crimes based on sexual orientation and gender identity (15 states and D.C.): California (1999), Colorado (2005), Connecticut (2004), Delaware (2001/2013), District of Columbia (1989), Hawaii (2003), Maryland (2005), Massachusetts (2002/2011), Minnesota (1993), Missouri (2001), Nevada (2001/2013), New Jersey (2002/2008), New Mexico (2003), Oregon (2001/2008), Washington (1993/2009) and Vermont (2001).
 - States that have a law that addresses hate or bias crimes based on sexual orientation only (15 states): Arizona (2003), Florida (2001), Illinois (2001), Iowa (2002), Kansas (2002), Kentucky (2001), Louisiana (2002), Maine (2001), Nebraska (2002), New Hampshire (2002), New York (2002), Rhode Island (2012), Tennessee (2001), Texas (2002) and Wisconsin (2002).
 - * Laws lacking LGBT inclusion: States that have a law that addresses hate or bias crimes based, but do not address sexual orientation or gender identity (14 states): Alabama, Alaska, Idaho, Mississippi, Montana, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah (no categories listed), Virginia and West Virginia.
 - ** Data Collection Only: Michigan (sexual orientation), Rhode Island (gender identity)

What is an ally?

 Someone who advocates for and supports members of a community other than their own. Reaching across differences to achieve mutual goals.

Gender Equity Resource Center, UC Berkeley

 How can you be an ally or encourage others to be allies?



How to be an ally:

- Don't be surprised if one 'comes out'
- Confidentiality
- Listen
- Seek help
- Balanced perspective
- Sense of humor
- Feelings
- Affirming language
- Interrupt homophobia and heterosexism
- Don't get into the "guessing game"
- Come out as an ally
- Increase knowledge and understanding

Ally response, made easy:



"Help me understand what you mean when you say ."

CLAIM IT

"I know someone who is _____ and she/he thinks that the issue is more about fear and hate."

STOP IT

"I certainly respect diverse opinions, but discriminatory remarks are not acceptable."



Resources

- City of Fort Wayne Metropolitan Human Relations Commission
- Northeast Indiana LGBTQ Coalition
- Fort Wayne Pride
- Northeast Indiana Diversity Library
- Indiana Equality
- Human Rights Campaign
- The Trevor Project
- It Gets Better Project
- GLSEN (Gay, Lesbian, and Straight Education Network)
- GLAAD (Gay and Lesbian Alliance Against Defamation)



Questions?

Comments?

Concerns?

Complaints?

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